

WEEKLY NEW BRUNSWICK INFLUENZA REPORT

Reporting period: January 24 to January 30 2016 (week 4)

Summary:

In New Brunswick, influenza activity remains low in week 4

New Brunswick:

- There have been 6 positive influenza detections in week 4. To date this season, a total of 25 influenza detections have been reported, 14 influenza A (unsubtyped), 6 influenza A (H1N1)pdm09, 1 influenza A (H3) and 4 influenza B.
- There has been no influenza associated hospitalizations during week 4. So far this season, a total of 8 influenza associated hospitalizations were reported in New Brunswick.
- The ILI consultation rate was 6.9 consultations per 1,000 patients visits, and was below the expected levels for this time of year.
- One new ILI outbreak was reported in a school in region 7.

Canada:

- Overall, seasonal influenza activity increased from the previous week. Laboratory detections remain lower than average but are now within expected levels for this time of year.
- An increase in the number of outbreaks was reported with the majority due to influenza A.
- Influenza A(H1N1) is the most common influenza subtype circulating in Canada.
- Influenza strains characterized by the National Microbiology Laboratory this season appear to be a good match to the WHO's recommended vaccine strains.
- 895 positive laboratory detections of influenza were reported during week 4, and the percentage of laboratory tests positive for influenza was 16.0%.
- The national ILI consultation rate was 35.9 consultations per 1,000 patients' visits for week 4, the highest ILI consultation rate was found in the 0-4 years age group.
- Thirteen new laboratory confirmed influenza outbreaks were reported: 6 in long-term care facilities, 4 in hospitals and 3 in community settings. Additionally, 4 ILI outbreaks were reported in schools.
- Antigenic characterization: NML has antigenically characterized 106 H3N2 viruses, all of which showed a match to the vaccine strain, 132 A (H1N1)pdm09 that was a match to the vaccine strain and 44 B viruses, all of which were a match to the vaccine strain (quadrivalent).

International:

Seasonal influenza:

- Globally, increasing levels of influenza activity continued to be reported in the temperate zones of the northern hemisphere with influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 as the most detected virus.

Emerging Respiratory Viruses: No new updates this week

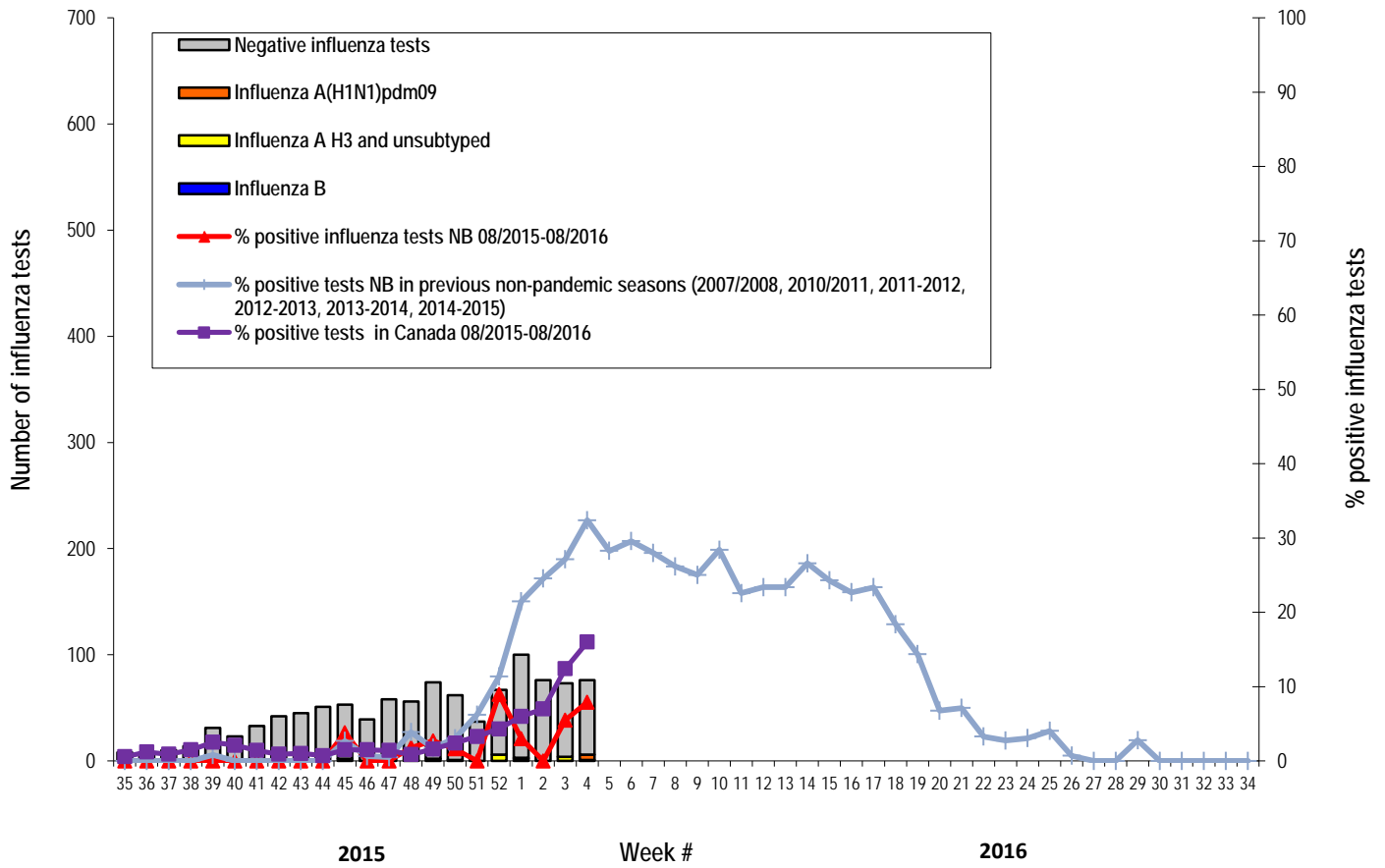
- MERS CoV:
 - WHO: http://www.who.int/csr/disease/coronavirus_infections/en/
 - CDC: <http://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/mers/>
- Avian Influenza
 - WHO: www.who.int/csr/disease/avian_influenza/en/index.html

1) Influenza Laboratory Data¹

- Influenza activity remains low.
- Six influenza detections were reported during week 4.
- Since the beginning of the season, 25 positive influenza detections were reported, 4 influenza B and 14 influenza A (unsubtyped), 1 influenza A (H3) and 6 influenza A (H1N1)pdm09.

¹ Surveillance specimens are submitted by recruited New Brunswick Sentinel Practitioner Influenza Network (NB SPIN) practitioners, which are comprised of sites in Emergency Rooms, in Family Practice, in First Nations communities, in Nursing Home, in Universities and in Community Health Centers. Diagnostic specimens are submitted by physicians in the community/hospital setting. Influenza laboratory data is comprised of results from surveillance and diagnostic specimens. All laboratory specimens are tested using a real-time PCR assay, which is a rapid detection method designed for detection of all known variants of influenza A and B. All laboratory-confirmed cases are reported for the week when laboratory confirmation was received.

Graph 1: Number and percent of positive influenza specimens in New Brunswick by week, up to January 30 2016
 (data source: G. Dumont Lab results)



Note: Most of the Influenza A untyped specimens are of the predominant strain.

Table 1: Positive influenza test results by Health Region, in New Brunswick for reporting week, cumulative current and previous seasons.
(data source: G. Dumont lab results up to January 30 2016)

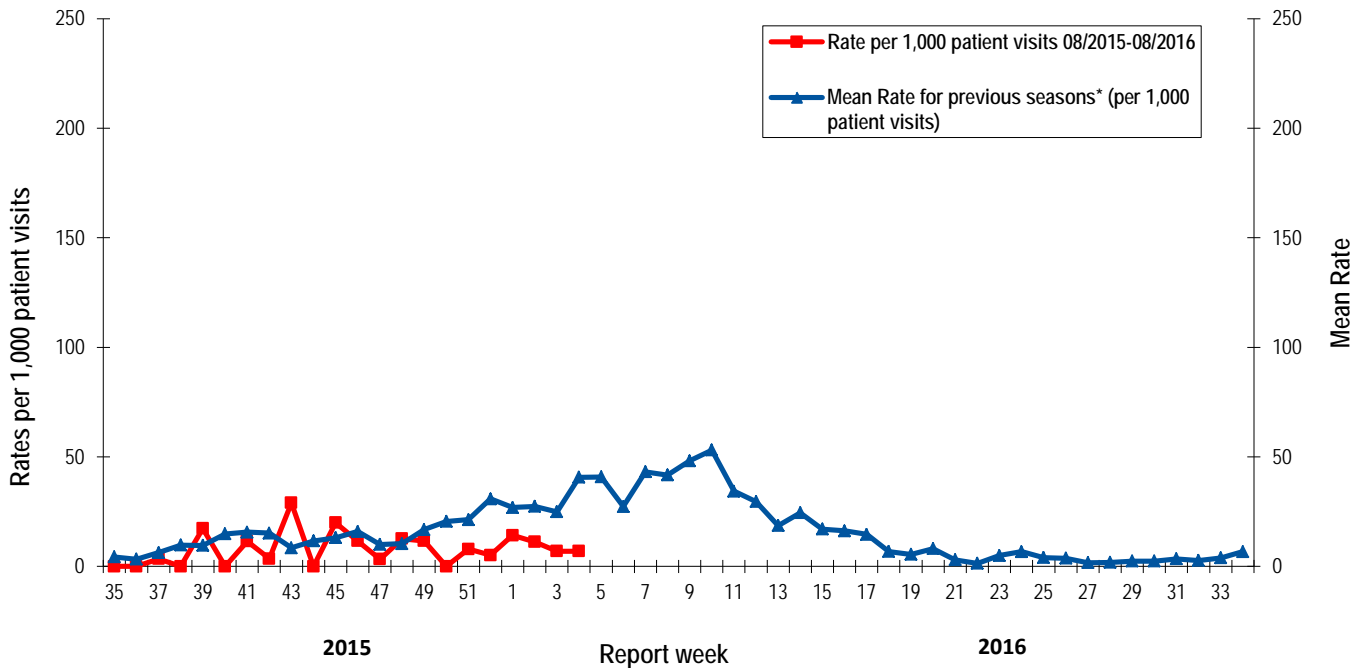
Zone	Reporting period: Jan./24/2016–Jan./30/2016						Cumulative: (2015/2016 season) Aug./30/2015 –Jan./30/2016					Cumulative: (2014/2015 season) Aug./24/2014 – Aug./29/2015				
	Activity level ²	A				B	A				B	A				B
		A(H3)	(H1N1) pdm09	Unsubtyped / Other	A Total	Total	A(H3)	(H1N1) pdm09	Unsubtyped / Other	A Total	Total	(H3)	(H1N1) pdm09	Unsubtyped / Other	A Total	Total
Zone 1	Sporadic	0	3	0	3	0	0	4	8	12	4	88	0	353	441	280
Zone 2	No activity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	19	0	69	88	58
Zone 3	Sporadic	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	19	0	69	88	55
Zone 4	No activity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	56	0	31	87	27
Zone 5	Sporadic	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	8	0	14	22	2
Zone 6	Sporadic	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	0	81	0	95	176	29
Zone 7	No activity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	12	0	24	36	19
Total NB		1	5	0	6	0	1	6	14	21	4	283	0	655	938	470

² Influenza activity level definition is available on the PHAC FluWatch website: <http://healthycanadians.gc.ca/diseases-conditions-maladies-affections/disease-maladie/flu-grippe/surveillance/season-definitions-saison-eng.php#/>

2) ILI Consultation Rates³

- During week 4, the ILI consultation rate was 6.9 consultations per 1,000 patients visits, and was below the expected levels for week 4.
- During week 4, the sentinel response rate was 29%, for both the FluWatch sentinel physicians and the NB SPIN practitioners.

Graph 2: ILI Consultation Rates in New Brunswick, by report week, season 2015/16 compared to previous seasons*



* The mean rate was based on data from the 1996/97 to 2014/2015 seasons and excludes the Pandemic season (2009-2010).

3) ILI and Laboratory-Confirmed Outbreak Data

Table 2: ILI activity/outbreaks in New Brunswick nursing homes and schools for the reporting week, current and previous seasons.

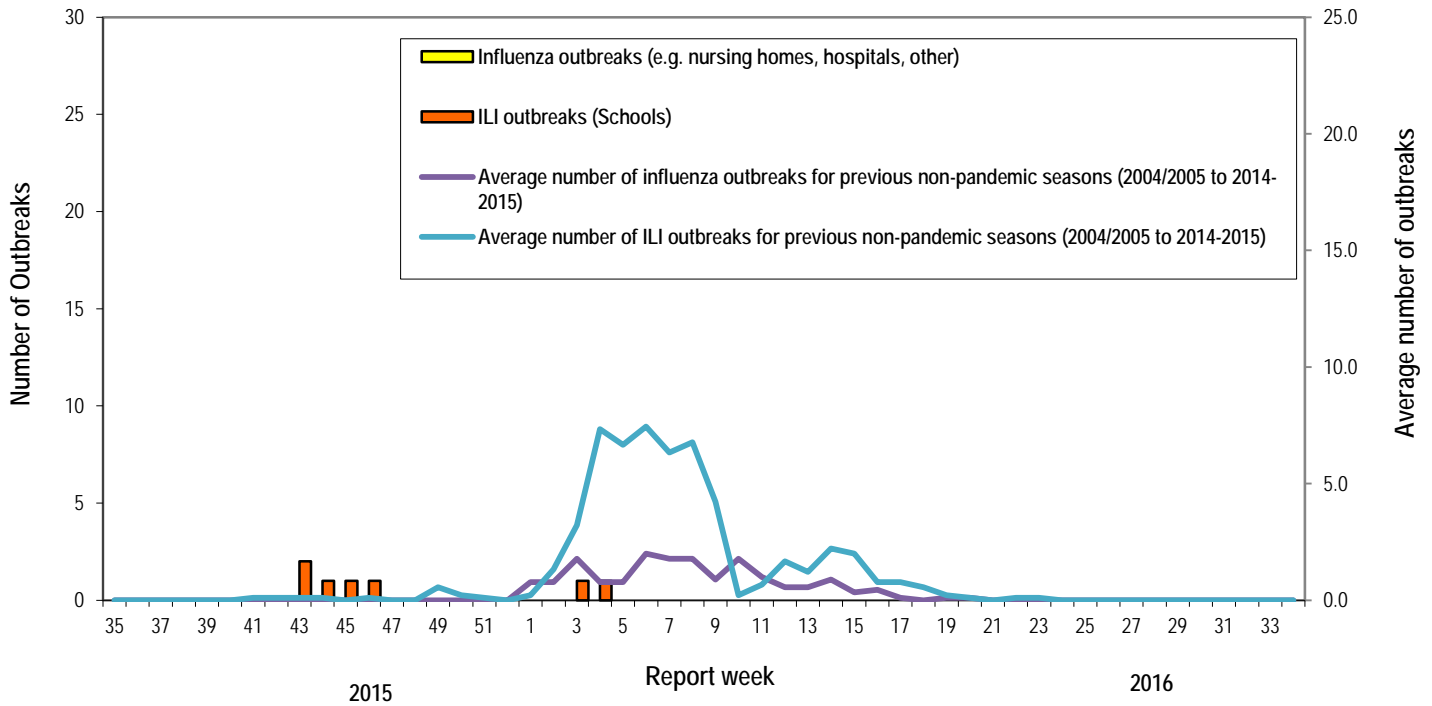
	Reporting period: Jan./24/2016–Jan./30/2016			Cumulative # of outbreaks season 2015-2016	Cumulative # of outbreaks season 2014-2015
	Lab-confirmed outbreaks in Nursing homes*	ILI school outbreaks**	Lab-confirmed outbreaks in Other settings*		
Zone 1	0 out of 13	0 out of 74	0	1	14
Zone 2	0 out of 15	0 out of 81	0	0	15
Zone 3	0 out of 14	0 out of 95	0	0	12
Zone 4	0 out of 6	0 out of 22	0	0	6
Zone 5	0 out of 2	0 out of 18	0	0	4
Zone 6	0 out of 9	0 out of 35	0	3	5
Zone 7	0 out of 4	1 out of 27	0	3	8
Total NB	0 out of 63	1 out of 352	0	7	64

*Two or more ILI cases within a seven day period, including at least one laboratory-confirmed case of influenza. Outbreaks are reported in the week when laboratory confirmation is received.

**Schools reporting greater than 10% absenteeism which is likely due to ILI.

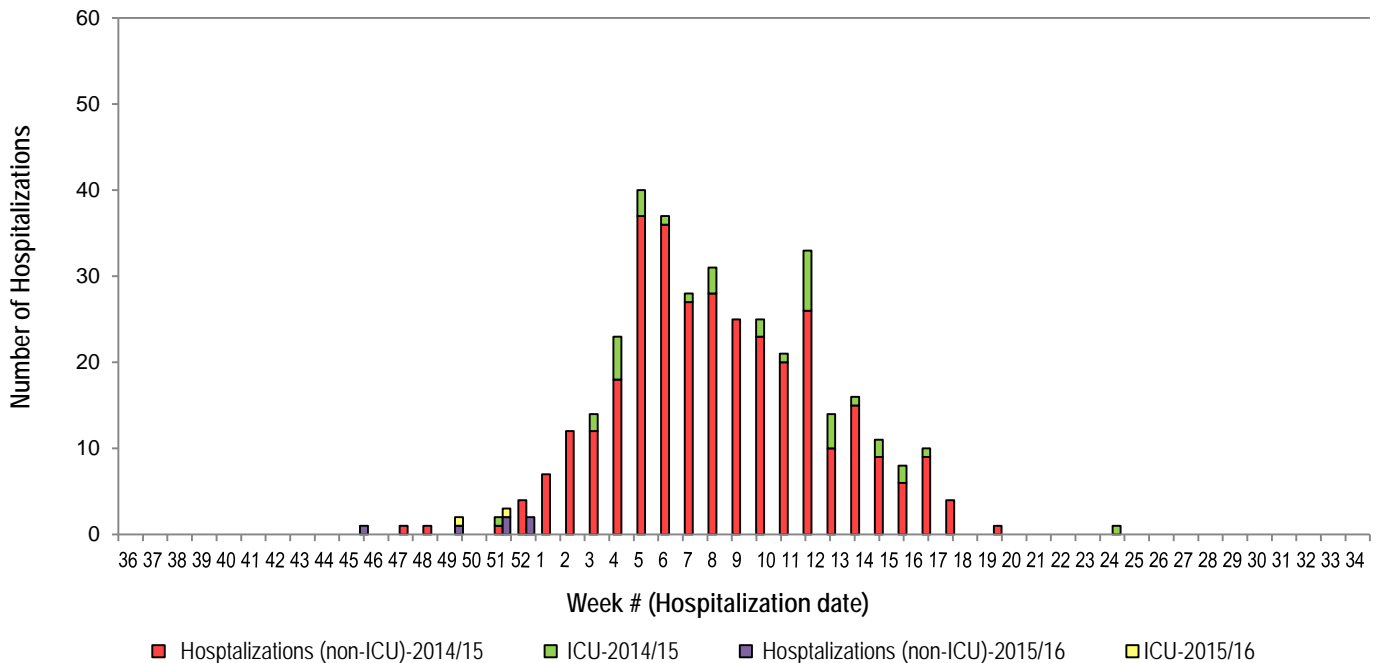
³ A total of 28 practitioner sites (16 FluWatch sentinel physicians and 12 NB SPIN sites) are recruited this season to report the number of ILI patients and total patient consultations one day during a reporting week.

Graph 3: Number of Influenza Outbreaks (nursing homes, hospitals, other)⁴ and ILI Outbreaks (schools)⁵ reported to Public Health in New Brunswick, by report week, season 2015/16.



4) Influenza associated Hospitalization⁴ and Death⁵ Surveillance⁶

Graph 4: Influenza associated Hospitalizations and ICU admissions in New Brunswick, by week of hospitalization for current and past season.*



*Those who had been hospitalized 15 days or more prior to laboratory confirmation date were excluded from the graph

** Twenty-six deaths were reported during season 2014-2015.

⁴ Hospitalizations (including ICU admissions) are influenza associated; they may or may not be due to influenza.

⁵ Deaths are influenza associated; influenza may not be the direct cause of death.

⁶ In early January 2014, the Office of the Chief Medical Officer of Health implemented a new provincial surveillance system in collaboration with the Regional Health Authorities to monitor influenza-associated hospitalizations, intensive care unit admissions and deaths.

National Flu Watch Program - Additional information on influenza activity in Canada and around the world is available on the Public Health Agency of Canada's website at: <http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/>

Other Links:

World: http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/index.html

Europe: http://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/healthtopics/seasonal_influenza/epidemiological_data/Pages/Weekly_Influenza_Surveillance_Overview.aspx

PAHO: http://new.paho.org/hq/index.php?option=com_content&task=blogcategory&id=805&Itemid=569

Australia: <http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/cda-surveil-ozflu-flucurr.htm>

New Zealand: http://www.surv.esr.cri.nz/virology/influenza_weekly_update.php

Argentina: : <http://www.msal.gov.ar/>

South Africa: <http://www.nicd.ac.za/>

US: www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/

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